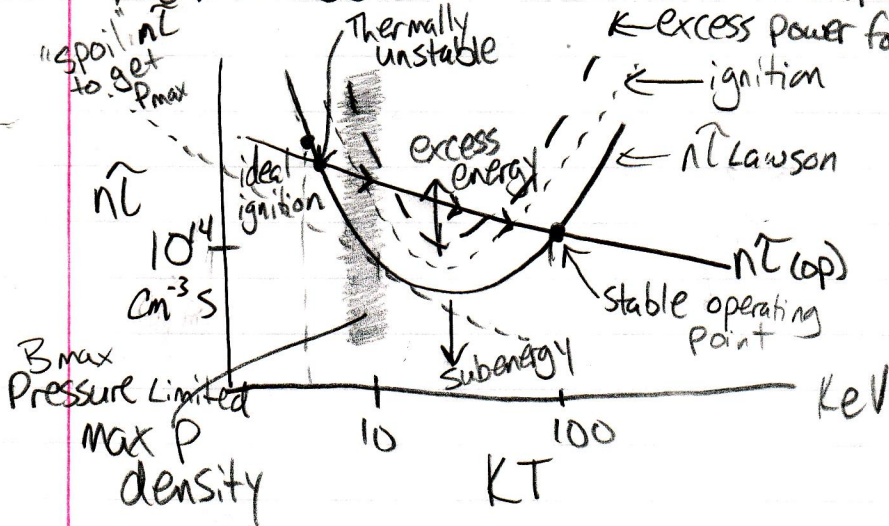


- 2nd Exam: April 13 in class
- Take Home problem: April 27 - due May 6
- No final

Reading

- 6.3 Global leakage
- 10.3 Toroidal particle trapping
- P158 Safety factor q.
- 4.5 ICF (Review)
- 9.3-9.5 mirror

Not in book: Global Leakage and operating regions



Energy Balance Lines (can derive)

We want to be on the line
 Above \Rightarrow too much & it will heat up
 Below \Rightarrow too little energy

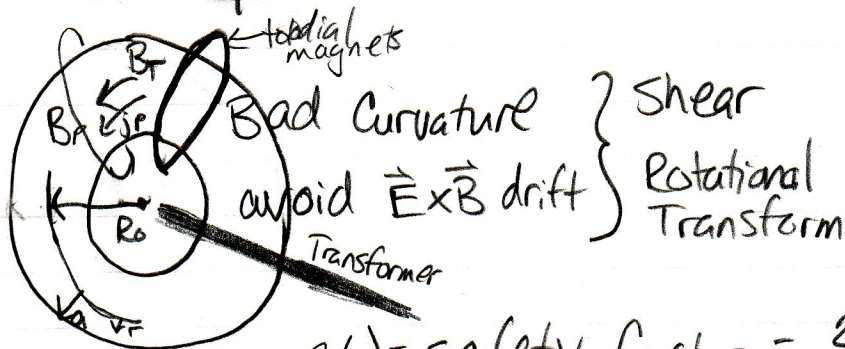
$nT(op)$
 operational line
 Thermal stability

$$\beta = \frac{p}{2nKT}$$

$$P_{OT} = \frac{n^2 \langle \sigma v \rangle E_f}{4} \sim \frac{\langle \sigma v \rangle}{(KT)^2}$$

Tokamak
name of game: calculate $n\tau$ for your system

① Stable system



$$q(r) = \text{safety factor} = \frac{2\pi}{\text{angle}} = \frac{1}{A_s} \frac{B_T(r)}{B_p(r)}$$

$A_s = \frac{R_0}{a} \sim 3$

$$\begin{aligned} q(0) &> 1 \\ q(a) &> \sim 2.5 - 3 \end{aligned}$$

B_T is fixed by external coils
Change B_p to get desired $q(r)$

q discussed on page 158 in book

should find profile
 $\nabla n = S$
 $\rightarrow n(r)$
 $\int n(r) d^3r$

$$n\tau = n \frac{N_{tot}}{J_{tot}}$$

$$N_{tot} = \bar{n} V \sim \frac{2}{3} n_0 (2\pi R_0 \pi a^2) = \frac{4\pi^2}{3} n_0 A_s a^3$$

Assume $A_s = \text{constant} = 3$

Aspect Ratio Consideration
 $A_s = \frac{R_0}{a}$

$$J_{tot} = -D_L \int \nabla n dA$$

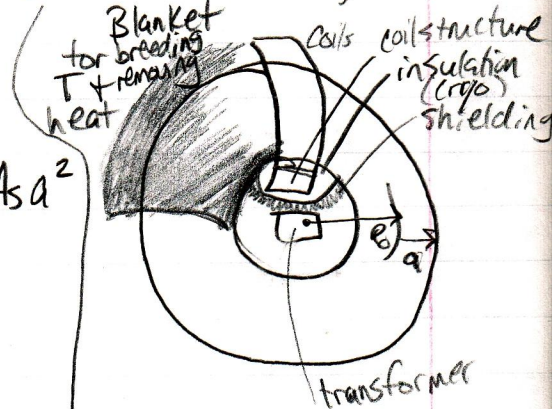
estimate $\nabla n \sim n_0/a$, $dA = 2\pi R_0 2\pi a = 4\pi^2 A_s a^2$

$$\Rightarrow n\tau = \frac{\frac{4\pi^2}{3} n_0 A_s a^3}{D_L \frac{n_0}{a} 4\pi^2 A_s a^2}$$

$$n\tau = \frac{a^2}{3D_L}, \quad D_L \sim \frac{1}{B_0^2 \sqrt{KT}}$$

$$\Rightarrow n\tau = k a^2 B_0^2 \sqrt{KT}$$

\leftarrow constant



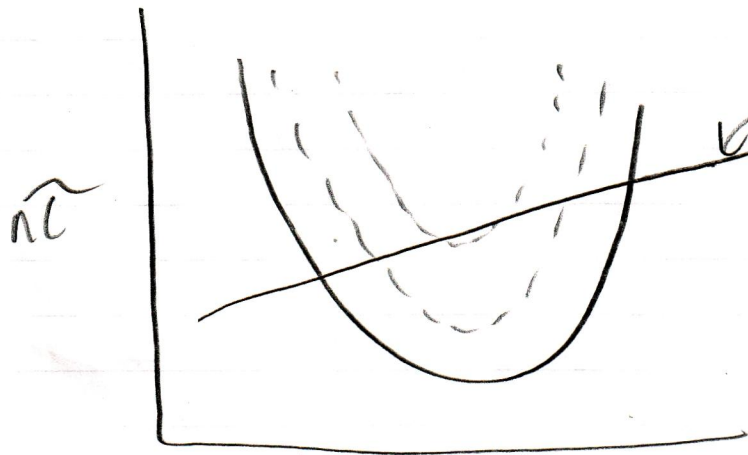
Hole size is crucial to contain all this structure

$$\Rightarrow A_s = \frac{R_0}{a} \sim 3 \text{ or more}$$

$$\beta = \frac{2n_0KT}{B_0^2/2\mu} \Rightarrow B_0^2 = \frac{2n_0KT2\mu}{\beta}$$

$$\Rightarrow n\tau = \frac{k' a^2 n_0 (KT)^{3/2}}{\beta} \text{ fix}$$

This gives the operating line for Tokamak



You can change a (increase) to achieve stability